MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0580 MATHEMATICS

0580/21

Paper 2 (Extended), maximum raw mark 70

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0580	21

Abbreviations

cao	correct answer only
cso	correct solution only
dep	dependent
ft	follow through after error
isw	ignore subsequent working
oe	or equivalent
SC	Special Case

www without wrong working

Qu.	Answers	Mark	Part Marks		
1	86.7 or 86.74 to 86.75	1			
2	5.293 cao	2	B1 for 5.29 or 5.292 to 5.2927		
3	125	2	B1 for 55 or 125 in any other correct position on diagram or M1 for 180–55		
4	7.7	2	M1 for $44 \times \frac{17.5}{100}$ oe		
5	4.8 oe	2	M1 for $5 + 19 = 3x + 2x$ oe or better or B1 for $24 - 2x = 3x$ oe or $5 = 5x - 19$ oe		
6	(a) $\frac{2}{6}$ oe	1			
	(b) 200	1FT	FT 600 × <i>their</i> (a) providing <i>their</i> (a) is a probability		
7	435, 445 cao	2	B1 for one value in the correct place or SC1 for both values correct but reversed		
8	134	3	M2 for $\frac{20.1 \times 100}{3 \times 5}$ oe or M1 for $\frac{x \times 3 \times 5}{100} = 20.1$ or 3% = 4.02 oe If 0 scored SC1 for answer of figs 134		
9	(a) $\frac{n}{n+2}$ of final answer	1			
	(b) $n^2 - 1$ oe final answer	2	B1 for any quadratic in final answer		
10	$[\pm]\sqrt{c^2-a^2}$ oe final answer	3	M1 for correct square M1 for correct re-arrangement M1 for correct square root		

Pa	ge 3	Mark Scheme			Syllabus	Paper	
		IGCSE – October/November 2013		3	0580	21	
				Ι			
11	150		3	M1 for m ³ to cm ³ or cm ³ to m ³			
12	(a) 110		1				
	(b) 79		2	B1 for $DAC = 42$ or $ACB = 79$ or $ACD = 28$			
13	(a) $\frac{5}{4}$ o	e	1				
	(b) $4y^6$		2	B1 for ky^6 or y^6 or $4y^k$ or 4 as final answer			
14	$\frac{2t-5}{t-1} f$	inal answer	3	B1 for $\frac{3(t-1)}{t-1}$ or better B1 for $3(t-1) - (t+2)$ oe or better			
15	(a) $\frac{9}{12}$ -	$-\frac{1}{12}$ oe	M1	Must be shown			
	$[=]\frac{8}{12}$	$\frac{3}{2}$ oe $[=]\frac{2}{3}$	M1	Both fractions must be shown			
	(b) $\frac{5}{2} \times$	$\frac{4}{25}$ oe	M1	Must be shown			
	Can	celling shown or $\frac{20}{50}$ oe $[=]\frac{2}{5}$	M1	Dependent and cancelling shown or a fraction and then $\frac{2}{5}$ must be shown			
16	(a) $\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$		1				
	(b) 10.8	or 10.81 to 10.82	2FT		$\sqrt{(their 9)^2 + (their 0.8 \text{ or FT correctl})^2}$		
	(c) (17,	13)	1FT	FT <i>their</i> 9 and 6. (8 + <i>their</i> 9, 7 + <i>their</i> 6) correctly evaluated			
17	(a) (<i>a</i> +	b)(1+t)	2	B1 for $1(a + b) + t(a + b)$ or $a(1 + t) + b(1 + t)$			
	(b) (<i>x</i> –	6)(x+4)	2	SC1 for answer of $(x + a)(x + b)$ where ab = -24 or $a + b = -2$			
18	486 cao		4	M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 4\pi r^2 + \pi r^2 = 243\pi$ or better A1 for $[r =] 9$ M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} [\pi]$ (their r) ³			

Page 4		Mark Scheme			Syllabus	Paper	
		IGCSE – October/Novem	CSE – October/November 2013		0580	21	
19	(a) 40		2	M1 for	$\frac{144 \times 1000}{60 \times 60}$ oe		
	(b) 3.5		2FT	FT 140 ÷ their (a) M1 for dist ÷ their (a) or dist ÷ 40 or dist × $\frac{60 \times 60}{144 \times 1000}$			
				or BI fo	or 140 seen		
20	(a) (i)	Accurate bisector of angle <i>B</i> with correct arcs	2	B1 for c	orrect line or correct	et arcs	
	(ii)	Accurate perpendicular bisector of <i>BC</i> with correct arcs	2	B1 for c	orrect line or correc	ct arcs	
	(b) corr	ect region shaded	1				
21	(a) 73.7	or 73.73 to 73.74	3	M1 for $\frac{20}{3+2} \times 2$ or B1 for $BX = 8$		BX = 8	
				M1 for t	$\tan\left[\right] = \frac{6}{their \ 8} \text{ or }$	better	
	(b) 120		2	M1 for	$\frac{1}{2} \times 20 \times 12$ oe		
22	(a) (i)	$\frac{5}{50}$ oe	1				
		$\frac{11}{50}$ oe	1				
	(b) $\frac{11}{16}$	oe	1				
		$\frac{0}{0}$ oe	2	M1 for	$\frac{20}{50} \times \frac{19}{49}$		
	(d)		1				